Document name: Cemented Carbide SDS

This SDS is the English translation version of the document No.MEI-4001 that has been issued by Japan Cutting & Wear-resistant Tool Association. Please note that this SDS may not conform to the laws, regulations of the countries other than Japan.

\*本 SDS は、日本機械工具工業会発行の文書 No.MEI-4001 を英語に翻訳したものです。本 SDS は、日本国以外の国々の法律や規則に適合しない場合がありますので注意ください。

# Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Established Date: 17/Jul/2016 Revised Date: 27/Sep/2021

# 1. Identification of the Substance and of the Company

### Product Identifier:

Cemented Carbide (include the coated or surface treated Cemented Carbide)

## Supplier Information:

Company Name: MAKOTOLOY. Co.,LTD

Address: 2-4-38 Shigita, Higashiosak Osaka 577-0052 Japan Contact Department: TSU-FUCTORY ENGINEERING DIVISION

Phone Number: +81-6-6782-1152 FAX Number: +81-6-6782-1156

Emergency Phone Number: +81-59-237-4133

#### Recommended Use and Restrictions on Use of the Cemented Carbide

Cutting tools mainly for metallic materials, wear-resistant tools for plastic forming process, tools for macadam, civil engineering, and urban development, etc.

### Attention to the Phase/State of the Cemented Carbide

- Cemented Carbide as solid state like cutting tools is chemically stable and safe at explosive, flammable, combustible, pyrophoric, water-reactive, and oxidizability under normal environment.
- Cemented Carbide is safe for use as the cutting tools (grinding, machining, rolling for metals) under normal condition.
- This SDS informs about the dust, fume or vapor which occur from Cemented Carbide producing process such as raw material powder handling and grinding.

# 2. Hazard Identification

### The GHS Classification

Some data (such as the burning rate test data, etc.) for the dust, fume or vapor which occur from Cemented Carbide producing process are unavailable. Therefore, they are not be classified by GHS.

In here, GHS classification of the each metallic ingredients (cobalt, nickel and chromium) for composing the Cemented Carbide can be disclosed. In addition, other hazards and harmful effects (for health, environment, physical and chemical) which are not listed are unclassifiable or non-applicable by GHS.

GHS classification for the hazards of cobalt alone in below,

(When cobalt is included as ingredients of Cemented Carbide.)

Health Hazard	<ul> <li>Respiratory sensitization</li> </ul>	Category1
	· Skin sensitization	Category1
	<ul> <li>Carcinogenicity</li> </ul>	Category2
	• Reproductive toxicity	Category2
	<ul> <li>Specific target organ toxicity</li> </ul>	Category3
	(Single exposure)	(Respiratory tract irritation)

Document number: **№**-2003 Revised date: 27/Sep/2021

Document name: Cemented Carbide SDS

	<ul> <li>Specific target organ toxicity (Repeated exposure)</li> </ul>	Category1 (Respiratory)
Environmental Hazard:	<ul> <li>Hazardous to the aquatic environment</li> </ul>	Category4

GHS classification for the hazards of nickel alone in below,

(When nickel is included as ingredients of Cemented Carbide.)

(When meker is increased as ingredients of cemented carbide.)				
Health Hazard	• Respiratory sensitization	Category1		
	· Skin sensitization	Category1		
	Carcinogenicity	Category2		
	<ul> <li>Specific target organ toxicity</li> </ul>	Category1		
	(Single exposure)	(Respiratory tract irritation)		
	<ul> <li>Specific target organ toxicity</li> </ul>	Category1		
	(Repeated exposure)	(Respiratory)		
Environmental	Hazardous to the aquatic	Category4		
Hazard:	environment			

GHS classification for the hazards of chromium alone in below,

(When chromium is included as ingredients of Cemented Carbide.)

( ) mon om om om mondou do marodio or comonidad carataci,		
Health Hazard	• Serious eye damage	Category2B
	<ul> <li>Respiratory sensitization</li> </ul>	Category1
	· Skin sensitization	Category1
	• Germ cell mutagenicity	Category2
	<ul> <li>Specific target organ toxicity</li> </ul>	Category2
	(Single exposure)	(Respiratory tract irritation)
	<ul> <li>Specific target organ toxicity</li> </ul>	Category3
	(Repeated exposure)	(Respiratory)

# **GHS** Label Elements

GHS label elements of the each metallic ingredients (cobalt, nickel and chromium) for

composing the Cemented Carbide can be disclosed in below.

	Cobalt	Nickel	Chromium
Hazard Pictograms :	<		
Signal Words :		Danger	
Hazard	· Risk of causing	· Risk of causing	· Risk of causing
Statements:	allergies, asthma or	allergies, asthma or	allergies, asthma or
	breathing difficulties	breathing difficulties	breathing difficulties
	if inhaled.	if inhaled.	if inhaled.
	· Risk of causing an	• Risk of causing an	• Risk of causing an
	allergic skin reaction.	allergic skin reaction.	allergic skin reaction.
	• May cause cancer.	• May cause cancer.	• Suspected of causing
	• May cause adverse	<ul> <li>Respiratory and</li> </ul>	genetic disease
	effects on fertility or	kidney disorders	<ul> <li>Failure to systemic</li> </ul>
	the unborn child.	· Cause of respiratory	toxicity
	· Risk of respiratory	failure due to	<ul> <li>Risk of respiratory</li> </ul>
	irritation.	long-term or repetitive	irritation.

Document number:  $\Phi$ -2003 Revised date: 27/Sep/2021

Document name: Cemented Carbide SDS

	· Cause of respiratory	exposure.		
	failure due to	· May be harmful to		
	long-term or	aquatic life due to		
	repetitive exposure.	long-term effects		
	• May be harmful to			
	aquatic life due to			
	long-term effects			
Precautionary	[Prevention]			
Statements:	·Obtain safety instruct	ions* before use.		
	·Do not handle until all	l safety precautions have	been read and	
	understood.	• •		
	·Use appropriate person	nal protection and ventil	ation system keeping	
	away from exposure.			
	·Wear suitable protecti	ve gloves.		
	·When insufficient ventilation, wear respirator as required.			
	·Do not breathe dust, fume or vapor.			
	·Do not eat, drink or sn	or smoke in handling area.		
	·Wash skin thoroughly	Vash skin thoroughly after handling.		
	·Do not release into the environment.			
	[Responses]			
	_	resh air and take a res	st with posture easy to	
	breathe.			
	·If respiratory sympton	ns occurs, contact a docto	r.	
	·When feeling ill, get m	nedical advice/attention.		
	·Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.			
	·If on skin, rinse away immediately with a large amount of water and			
	soap.			
	·If skin irritation occurs, contact a doctor and get medical			
	advice/attention.			
	·If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention.			
	·If dust is in eyes, immediately wash away with clean water (remove			
	the contact lenses if possible). If irritation persists, get medical			
	advice/attention.			
	·If a large amount of dust is swallowed, get medical advice/attention			
	after ingesting plenty of water to dilute.			
	[Storage]			
	·Avoid sudden changes of temperature and high humidity for storage.			
	[Disposal]			
	·Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant			
	1 1 1			

<sup>\*</sup>For safety instructions, refer to the Japan Cutting & Wear-resistant Tool Association website (<a href="http://www.jta-tool.jp/">http://www.jta-tool.jp/</a>) .

under the laws.

Document name: Cemented Carbide SDS

# 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

• Distinction between substance and mixture: Mixture (alloy)

• Cemented Carbide may be coated or surface treated with the following substances. AlCrN, AlN, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, (Al,Ti)N, B<sub>4</sub>C, Cr<sub>3</sub>C<sub>2</sub>, CrN, MoS<sub>2</sub>, Ti(B,C,N), TiC, TiCN, TiN, (Ti,Si)N, (Ti,Zr)N, WC

• Ingredients and concentration or concentration range (composition) of the Cemented Carbide

Ingredient	Chemical Formula	CAS No	Official Number of Law for PRTR	Official Number of Industrial Safety and Health Law	Composition mass%
Tungsten carbide	WC	12070-12-1	-	-	55-95
Tantalum carbide	TaC	12070-06-3	-	-	0-20
Niobium carbide	NbC	12069-94-2	-	-	0-20
Titanium carbide	TiC	12070-08-5	-	-	0-20
Titanium nitride	TiN	25583-20-4	-	-	0-5
Vanadium carbide	VC	12070-10-9	Class1:321	-	0-5
Cobalt	Со	7440-48-4	Class1:132	Appendix9-172	0-30
Nickel	Ni	7440-02-0	Class1:308	Appendix9-418	0-30
Chromium	$\operatorname{Cr}$	7440-47-3	Class1:87	Appendix9-142	0-5

<sup>\*</sup>For the details regarding the content of the designated chemical material such as cobalt, nickel, chromium, and vanadium carbide (effective digit: 2), please contact to the above supplier.

#### 4. First-Aid Measures

#### If Inhaled

- If the high concentration of dust is inhaled or respiratory symptoms (coughs, gasping, shortness of breath, etc.) are experienced, move to fresh air and take a rest with posture easy to breathe. If breathing difficulties occur, administer oxygen inhalation. If breathing has stopped, immediately administer artificial respiration and get medical advice/attention.
- If irritation or rash persists, get medical advice and attention.

#### If on Skin

• If dust is contacted with skin, take off contaminated clothing and rinse the affected area with soapy water thoroughly. If irritation or rash persists, get medical advice/attention.

#### If in Eyes

• If dust is in eyes, immediately wash away with clean water (remove the contact lenses if possible). If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

#### If Swallowed

• If a large amount of dust is swallowed, get medical advice/attention after ingesting plenty of water to dilute.

# 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

# Extinguishing Media

• To extinguish the fire of dust, use dry sand, expanded vermiculite, dilatable perlite, ABC type (general, oil, electric fire) powder extinguishers or water (no water allowed for the dust containing cut powders of light metal such as magnesium and aluminum).

## Special Protective Actions for Fire-Fighters

• In fighting a fire, wear a protective clothing, dust-proof respirator or respiratory protective equipment.

<sup>\*</sup>Even if the Cemented Carbide do not contain cobalt, nickel, chromium as an active ingredient may include cobalt, nickel, chromium as an impurity.

Document name: Cemented Carbide SDS

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### **Personal Precautions**

• It is recommended that someone who cleans dust should wear clothing and respiratory protective equipment to minimize exposure.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Dispose of dust as industrial wastes and prevent release in water systems.

# Containment and Cleanup Methods and Equipment

• If there is dust which occur from Cemented Carbide producing process, isolate the area and remove with a cleaner equipped with a filter which can take up fine particles very efficiently. If appropriate removing methods are not available, sweep with water sprayers or wet mops.

# 7. Handling and Storage

## Handling

- If the disperse of dust containing cobalt or nickel is concerned, provide local exhaust ventilation and use personal protective equipment to minimize exposure to human body.
- Obtain safety instructions before use.
- Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- Do not breathe dust, fume or vapor.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke in handling area.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Do not release into the environment.

#### Storage

Avoid sudden changes of temperature and high humidity for storage.

# 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

## **Exposure Prevention**

Permissible concentration in working environment (reference value)

Ingredient	Chemical Formula	OSHA* PEL* mg/m³	ACGIH* TLV* mg/m³	Japan Society for Occupational Health Exposure Limit mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Tungsten carbide	WC	5 (as W)	5 (as W)	N/A
Tantalum carbide	TaC	5 (as Ta)	5 (as Ta)	N/A
Niobium carbide	NbC	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium carbide	TiC	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium nitride	TiN	N/A	N/A	N/A
Vanadium carbide	VC	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cobalt	Co	0.1	0.02	0.05
Nickel	Ni	1.0	1.5	1.0
Chromium	$\operatorname{Cr}$	1.0	0.5	0.5

\*OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration U.S. Department

\*PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

\*ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Inc.

\*TLV: Threshold Limit Value

\*N/A: Not Applicable

# · Facility measures

Provide local exhaust ventilation so that dusts in the air may not exceed the exposure limits in the above table. It is to be noted that management concentration of the cobalt

Document name: Cemented Carbide SDS

(and its inorganic compounds) is to be 0.02mg/m<sup>3</sup> in accordance with the working environment assessment standard by Japanese Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare under the paragraph (2), Article 65-2 of the Industrial Safety and Health Act in Japan.

In addition, cobalt (and its inorganic compounds) in the storage or handling, and that to take the necessary action conforming to the Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards due to Specified Chemical Substances.

## **Protection Measures**

• Respiratory Protection: Dust-proof respirators and respiratory protective equipment

are recommended.

Hand Protection: Protective gloves for dust are recommended.
 Eye Protection: Protective glasses for dust are recommended.

• Skin/Body Protection: Avoid direct skin contact.

Clean up deposited dust on clothing, rags, etc. by washing or absorbing with suitable filters but not by whisking off.

Change the contaminated clothing into clean one.

## Hygiene Measure

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Dark gray color

(in case of the coated or surface treated cemented carbide, the

appearance color is often different.)

Odor: Odorless

pH: No data available
Melting Point: No data available
Boiling Point: No data available
Flash Point: No data available
Vapor Pressure: No data available

Specific Gravity: 11.0 - 15.5 Solubility: Insoluble

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

A grain of dust which occur from Cemented Carbide producing process is very fine and under the specific conditions in which the dusts are mixed with grinding oil with low flash point, it is possible to become pyrophoric. If dusts under very flammable conditions are dispersed in the air, it is possible to explode.

The each metallic ingredients (cobalt, nickel and chromium) for composing the cemented carbide has the following information about stability and reactivity under specific conditions.

Stability and reactivity of cobalt alone in below,

(When cobalt is included as ingredients of Cemented Carbide.)

Stability: Stable to heat and contact with water

Ignite spontaneously in air

Hazardous reactions: It reacts with strong oxidizing agents

It reacts violently with oxygen, and it poses a risk

of fire or explosion

It reacts violently with acid to generate hydrogen

Conditions to avoid: Contact with incompatible materials

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents, acid

Hazardous decomposition products: By combustion, cobalt oxide and fumes of cobalt

oxide may occur

7/10Document number: • -2003

Revised date: 27/Sep/2021

Document name: Cemented Carbide SDS

Stability and reactivity of nickel alone in below,

(When nickel is included as ingredients of Cemented Carbide.)

Stability: It is considered stable in storage and handling in

accordance with the laws and regulations

Hazardous reactions: Metallic nickel is usually stabilized against

oxidation by the oxide film, fresh metal surfaces without oxide film is rapidly oxidized by air. Thus, fresh metallic nickel powder, there is a risk of

ignition in air.

Conditions to avoid: No data available Hazardous decomposition products: No data available

Stability and reactivity of chromium alone in below,

(When chromium is included as ingredients of Cemented Carbide.)

Stability: Stable under normal handling conditions

Hazardous reactions: Reacts violently with strong oxidizing agents such

as hydrogen peroxide, it poses a risk of fire or

explosion.

It reacts with dilute hydrochloric acid and dilute

sulfuric acid.

Conditions to avoid: The alkali or alkaline carbonate is Incompatible.

When mixed with air in powder or granular form,

there is a possibility of dust explosion.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents, dilute hydrochloric acid,

dilute sulfuric acid, alkali, alkali carbonate

During combustion, there can be irritating or toxic Hazardous decomposition products:

fumes and gases.

# 11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity:

Skin Corrosion/Irritation:

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation: Respiratory or Skin Sensitization:

Germ Cell Mutagenicity:

Carcinogenicity:

No data available on Cemented Carbide No data available on Cemented Carbide

Group 2A on IARC, as cobalt powder coexisting with tungsten carbide powder. Suspected to be carcinogenic in humans

(Ref. 1)

Reproductive Toxicity: No data available on Cemented Carbide

Specific Target Organ Toxicity/Systemic Toxicity: No data available on Cemented Carbide (Single Exposure)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity/Systemic Toxicity: No data available on Cemented Carbide

(Repeated Exposure)

No data available on Cemented Carbide Aspiration Hazard:

# 12. Ecological Information

The aquatic environment acute hazard

• Not reported on Cemented Carbide

## The aquatic environment chronic hazard

- Not reported on Cemented Carbide Mobility
  - Not reported on Cemented Carbide

Document name: Cemented Carbide SDS

# 13. Disposal Considerations

# Safe and environmentally desirable disposal method

- The main ingredients such as tungsten carbide, cobalt, nickel are rare metal. It is desirable to collect and recycle them.
- For disposal, conform to the applicable laws regarding industrial wastes such as 'Waste Disposal and Public Cleansing Law' and relevant local by laws.

# 14. Transport Information

# **International Regulations**

UN Number: Not applicable
UN Hazard Class: Not applicable
Marine Pollutant: Not applicable

\*When transporting a powder of metallic ingredients (cobalt, nickel) for composing the Cemented Carbide, there is a possibility that it is necessary to take appropriate action in accordance with the relevant provisions established by IMO (International Maritime Organization), ICAO (International Civil Aviation Organization), IATA (International Air Transport Association).

# **Domestic Regulations**

Land Regulatory Information
UN Number:
UN Hazard Class:
Marine Pollutant:
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable

\*When transporting a powder of metallic ingredients (cobalt, nickel) for composing the Cemented Carbide, there is a possibility that it is necessary to take appropriate action in accordance with the relevant provisions of Ship Safety Law and the Aviation Law.

#### Special Safety Measures

When transporting the dust which occur from Cemented Carbide producing process, make sure that there is no damage or corrosion or leakage of the container, to ensure implementation of the prevention of collapse of cargo.

## 15. Regulatory Information

• Law for Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

Vanadium carbide: "Class 1 designated chemical substances", Cabinet Order No.321
Cobalt: "Class 1 designated chemical substances", Cabinet Order No.132
Nickel: "Class 1 designated chemical substances", Cabinet OrderNo.308
Chromium: "Class 1 designated chemical substances", Cabinet OrderNo.87

• Industrial Safety and Health Law, Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards due to Specified Chemical Substances

Cobalt: The substances are defined in the Article 57-2 of the Act, and the cobalt is listed by No.172 in Appended Table9 in the Article 18-2 of the Enforcement Order as "Dangerous or Harmful Substances to be notified their names, etc."

Article 2, Paragraph 1, Items 2 and 5 of Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards due to Specified Chemical Substance, Specified chemical substance class 2, Management class 2.

When the content of cobalt and cobalt oxide is less than 1%, the Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards due to Specified Chemical Substance is not covered.

Document number: **∞**-2003 Revised date: 27/Sep/2021

Document name: Cemented Carbide SDS

Nickel: The substances are defined in the Article 57-2 of the Act, and the nickel is listed by No.418 in Appended Table9 in the Article 18-2 of the Enforcement Order as "Dangerous or Harmful Substances to be notified their names, etc."

Chromium: The substances are defined in the Article 57-2 of the Act, and the chromium is listed by No.142in Appended Table9 in the Article 18-2 of the Enforcement Order as "Dangerous or Harmful Substances to be notified their names, etc."

# 16. Other Information

### Other Hazardous Information

The following attention should be paid for dust which occur from Cemented Carbide producing process.

- If a large amount of dust containing cobalt is inhaled, blood, heart, thyroid gland, and spleen disorders may result. (Ref.2)
- It is reported that repeated or prolonged contact with cobalt, nickel, or chromium may affect skin, respiratory organs, heart, etc. (Ref.3 6)
- For carcinogenicity of metallic ingredients of cemented carbide has the following knowledge.

Cobalt metal	ACGIH	A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.
	IARC	2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
	Japan Society for	2B: The substance has been determined to be
	Occupational	possibly carcinogenic to humans (with
	Health	relatively insufficient evidence).
Nickel metal	ACGIH	A5: Not suspected as a human carcinogen.
	IARC	2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
	Japan Society for	2B: The substance has been determined to be
	Occupational	possibly carcinogenic to humans (with
	Health	relatively insufficient evidence).
Chromium metal	IARC	3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to
		humans.

\*ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Inc.

\*IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

#### Disclaimer

The contents of this SDS are based on material and information available as of today and may be revised due to knowledge newly obtained. The values of concentration, physical/chemical properties are not guaranteed. In addition, the precautions described herein apply only to normal uses, and thus safety cannot be guaranteed.

#### Reference URL

Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry: http://www.meti.go.jp/
 Ministry of the Environment: http://www.env.go.jp/
 Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare: http://www.mhlw.go.jp/
 Japan Industrial Safety and Health Assoc.: http://www.jaish.gr.jp/
 International Agency for Research on Cancer: http://monographs.iarc.fr/
 International Chemical Safety Card: http://www.nihs.go.jp/ICSC/

• National Institute of Technology and Evaluation:

http://www.safe.nite.go.jp/ghs/list.html

Revised date: 27/Sep/2021

Document name: Cemented Carbide SDS

## Reference Documents

(1) IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, vol.86 (2006).

- (2) Food & Drug Research Laboratories, study No.8005B (4.11.84).
- (3) T. Shirakawa et al., Chest. 95, 29 (1989).
- (4) International Chemical Safety Cards (cobalt, chromium, nickel).
- (5) The Guide to Chemical Hazards (edited by Japan Industrial Safety & Health Association)
- (6) A. O. Bech et al., Brit. J. Ind., 19, 239 (1962).